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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/656,511		09/07/2000	Fred S. Cook	1412	2314
28004	7590	04/19/2005		EXAMINER	
SPRINT	T D . D	17 A 37	HAYES, JOHN W		
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OVERLANI	PARK,	KS 66251-2100		3621	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/656,511	COOK, FRED S.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	John W Hayes	3621				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17	February 2005.					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th	is action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1,3-10,12-19 and 21-27 is/are pendidated 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdress. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,3-10,12-19 and 21-27 is/are reject 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir						
10) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examination 10. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 September 2000</u> is Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11. ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination 11.	s/are: a) \square accepted or b) \square objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ction is required if the drawing(s) is objection.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). sected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Application or the contraction of the	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	n □ o	(DTO 442)				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Page 6) Other:					

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 17 February 2005 has been entered.

Status of Claims

2. Applicant has amended claims 1, 3, 5-10, 12, 16-17, 19, 21 and 25-26 and canceled claims 2, 11 and 20 in the amendment filed 18 January 2005. Thus, claims 1, 3-10, 12-19 and 21-27 remain pending and are again presented for examination.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1, 3-10, 12-19 and 21-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over
 Cooper et al, U.S. Patent Application Publication No. US 2002/0029350 A1 in view of de Fabrega, U.S.
 Patent Application Publication No. US 2001/0054019 A1 and Tatham et al, U.S. Patent no. 6,223,177 B1.

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As per <u>Claim 1</u>, Cooper et al disclose method for providing access to an intranet, the method comprising:

- providing intranet access cards to users, wherein the intranet access cards include intranet access information for intranet configurations (0287);
- receiving a first request message for access to the intranet from a first user who receives a first intranet access card (0294; 0296; 0298, 0299, 0309, 0321);
- processing the first request message to determine if an intranet configuration providing access to intranet services exists, wherein first intranet access information for the intranet configuration is produced, wherein the intranet configuration defines at least one connection employable by a user between a plurality of intranet communication devices within the intranet (0294; 0296; 0298; 0312);
- in response to determining the intranet configuration exists, processing the first intranet access information to connect the first user to the intranet configuration to provide intranet services associated with the first intranet access card to the first user, wherein the intranet services provided depend on the intranet configuration (0294; 0298; 0299; 0312);

Cooper et al, however, does not disclose creating an intranet configuration and creating a first card configuration for the first intranet access card in response to determining the intranet configuration does not exist and connecting the user to the intranet configuration since Cooper et al assumes that the authenticated user already has been previously configured for access. De Fabrega discloses a public access kiosk providing the capability to access an intranet and teaches accessing an existing intranet customer configuration using a prepaid card (0023; 0032; 0054; 0056; 0057; 0063). De Fabrega also disclose the ability to create an intranet configuration if one does not yet exist for the customer and connecting the customer to the configuration after it is created (0023; 0032; 0053; 0054). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the method of Cooper et al and adopt the teachings of de Fabrega by incorporating the ability to create a intranet configuration for users that have not yet established an intranet configuration by executing a script and connecting the users to this newly established configuration and provide particular services to

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the user based on configuration data stored on the card as taught by Cooper. One would have been motivated to include this feature so that new users would have a means of establishing an account or configuration in order to use the services offered by the intranet.

Although it may have been obvious in view of the teachings of Cooper that at least one connection might be usable by a plurality of users such as users or members of a particular group or team that have the same connection parameters, Cooper fails to specifically disclose this. Tatham discloses a network based groupware system and teaches the establishment of a dedicated intranet site wherein a plurality of users may connect to the intranet configuration (Col. 3, lines 50-55; Col. 4, lines 1-10, 25-35 and 42-60). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the method of Cooper and include the ability for a plurality of users to use a particular intranet configuration as taught by Tatham et al. Tatham et al provides motivation by indicating that there is a frequent need for a collaborative computing environment wherein people from different offices, different organizations and even different countries have a need to work together on the same project or goal (Col. 1, lines 10-20).

As per Claim 3, Cooper et al further disclose:

- in response to determining the intranet configuration exists, processing the first intranet access information to determine if the first card configuration exists (0294; 0296).

Cooper et al, however, does not disclose creating a first card configuration in response to determining the first card configuration does not exist and connecting the first user to the intranet configuration since Cooper et al assumes that the authenticated user already has been previously configured for access. De Fabrega discloses a public access kiosk providing the capability to access an intranet and teaches accessing an existing intranet customer configuration using a prepaid card (0023; 0032; 0054; 0056; 0057; 0063). De Fabrega also disclose the ability to create an intranet configuration if one does not yet exist for the customer and connecting the customer to the configuration after it is created (0023; 0032; 0053; 0054). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the method of Cooper et al and adopt the teachings of de

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Fabrega by incorporating the ability to create a intranet configuration for users that have not yet established an intranet configuration and connecting the users to this newly established configuration and provide particular services to the user based on configuration data stored on the card as taught by Cooper. One would have been motivated to include this feature so that new users would have a means of establishing an account or configuration in order to use the services offered by the intranet.

As per Claim 4, Cooper et al further disclose (see 0287; 0294; 0297; 0298; 0312):

- generating a first query message that includes a request for first intranet access information provided with the first intranet access card;
 - transmitting the first query message;
 - receiving a first response message that includes the first intranet access information; and
- processing the first intranet access information to determine if the intranet configuration exists.

As per <u>Claim 5</u>, Cooper et al further disclose (see 0287; 0292; 0293; 0296; 0297; 0298; 0299; 0312):

- processing the first intranet access information to validate the first intranet access card;

As per Claim 6, Cooper et al further disclose:

- in response to validating the first intranet access card, executing an intranet card configuration script to configure a requesting communication device for access to the intranet configuration using the first intranet card (0287; 0294; 0298; 0299; 0312); and
 - storing the first card configuration (0294).

<u>Claims 7-9</u> are rejected under the same rationale as discussed above with respect to claims 1 and 4-6. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, in view of the teachings of Cooper et al, that multiple user cards and multiple user intranet configurations would exist

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since Cooper et al disclose that each user is provided with a User Access Card (UAC) that contains the actual network configuration address and parameters for the users access. Thus, the system as taught by Cooper et al would provide access to any number of users with different configurations.

As per Claims 10 and 19, Cooper et al disclose an intranet platform system comprising:

a processing system (Figures 1-2) configured to process a first request message from a user
having a first intranet access card to determine if an intranet configuration exists, wherein first intranet
access information for an intranet configuration providing access to intranet services is produced (0294;
0296; 0309), wherein the intranet configuration defines at least one connection employable by a user
between a plurality of intranet communication devices within the intranet (0294; 0296; 0298, 0299, 0309,
0321), in response to determining the intranet configuration exists, processing the first intranet access
information to connect a first user to the intranet configuration to provide intranet services associated
with the first intranet access card to the first user, wherein the intranet services provided depend on the
intranet configuration (0294; 0298; 0299; 0312).

an interface system (Figures 1-2) coupled to the processing system and configured to receive the first request message for the processing system from the first user who receives a first intranet access card (0294; 0296);

a storage medium operational to store processing system instructions and interface system instructions (Figures 1-2

Cooper et al, however, does not disclose creating an intranet configuration in response to determining the intranet configuration does not exist and connecting the user to the intranet configuration since Cooper et al assumes that the authenticated user already has been previously configured for access. De Fabrega discloses a public access kiosk providing the capability to access an intranet and teaches accessing an existing intranet customer configuration using a prepaid card (0023; 0032; 0054; 0056; 0057; 0063). De Fabrega also disclose the ability to create an intranet configuration if one does not yet exist for the customer and connecting the customer to the configuration after it is created (0023; 0032; 0053; 0054). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of

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applicant's invention to modify the method of Cooper et al and adopt the teachings of de Fabrega by incorporating the ability to create a intranet configuration for users that have not yet established an intranet configuration by executing a script and connecting the users to this newly established configuration and provide particular services to the user based on configuration data stored on the card as taught by Cooper. One would have been motivated to include this feature so that new users would have a means of establishing an account or configuration in order to use the services offered by the intranet.

Although it may have been obvious in view of the teachings of Cooper that at least one connection might be usable by a plurality of users such as users or members of a particular group or team that have the same connection parameters, Cooper fails to specifically disclose this. Tatham discloses a network based groupware system and teaches the establishment of a dedicated intranet site wherein a plurality of users may connect to the intranet configuration (Col. 3, lines 50-55; Col. 4, lines 1-10, 25-35 and 42-60). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the method of Cooper and include the ability for a plurality of users to use a particular intranet configuration as taught by Tatham et al. Tatham et al provides motivation by indicating that there is a frequent need for a collaborative computing environment wherein people from different offices, different organizations and even different countries have a need to work together on the same project or goal (Col. 1, lines 10-20).

As per <u>Claims 12 and 21</u>, Cooper et al further disclose wherein the processing system is configured to :

- in response to determining the intranet configuration exists, processing the first intranet access information to determine if the first card configuration exists (0294; 0296);

Cooper et al, however, does not disclose creating a first card configuration in response to determining the first card configuration does not exist and connecting the first user to the intranet configuration since Cooper et al assumes that the authenticated user already has been previously configured for access. De Fabrega discloses a public access kiosk providing the capability to access an

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intranet and teaches accessing an existing intranet customer configuration using a prepaid card (0023; 0032; 0054; 0056; 0057; 0063). De Fabrega also disclose the ability to create an intranet configuration if one does not yet exist for the customer and connecting the customer to the configuration after it is created (0023; 0032; 0053; 0054). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the method of Cooper et al and adopt the teachings of de Fabrega by incorporating the ability to create a intranet configuration for users that have not yet established an intranet configuration and connecting the users to this newly established configuration. One would have been motivated to include this feature so that new users would have a means of establishing an account or configuration in order to use the services offered by the intranet.

As per <u>Claims 13 and 22</u>, Cooper et al further disclose wherein the processing system is configured to (see 0287; 0294; 0297; 0298; 0312):

- generating a first query message that includes a request for first intranet access information provided with the first intranet access card; and
- processing the first intranet access information to determine if the intranet configuration exists; and wherein the interface system is configured to:
 - transmitting the first query message;
 - receiving a first response message for the processing system

As per <u>Claims 14 and 23</u>, Cooper et al further disclose wherein the processing system is configured to (see 0287; 0292; 0293; 0296; 0297; 0298; 0299; 0312):

- processing the first intranet access information to validate the first intranet access card;

As per <u>Claims 15 and 24</u>, Cooper et al further disclose wherein the processing system is configured:

- in response to validating the first intranet access card, executing an intranet card configuration script to configure a requesting communication device for access to the intranet configuration using the

first intranet card (0287; 0294; 0298; 0299; 0312); and

- storing the first card configuration (0294).

Claims 16-18 are rejected under the same rationale as discussed above with respect to claims

10 and 13-15. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, in view of

the teachings of Cooper et al, that multiple user cards and multiple user intranet configurations would

exist since Cooper et al disclose that each user is provided with a User Access Card (UAC) that contains

the actual network configuration address and parameters for the users access. Thus, the system as

taught by Cooper et al would provide access to any number of users with different configurations.

Claims 25-27 are rejected under the same rationale as discussed above with respect to claims

19 and 22-24. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, in view of

the teachings of Cooper et al, that multiple user cards and multiple user intranet configurations would

exist since Cooper et al disclose that each user is provided with a User Access Card (UAC) that contains

the actual network configuration address and parameters for the users access. Thus, the system as

taught by Cooper et al would provide access to any number of users with different configurations.

Conclusion

6. Examiner's Note: Examiner has cited particular paragraphs in the references as applied to the

claims below for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of

the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other

passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant, in preparing the

responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed

invention.

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- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- Subramaniam et al disclose a secure intranet access system
- Fai et al disclose a system and method for securing extranet transactions
- CryptoCard discloses a token based user authentication system to secure access to intranets for an unlimited number of users
- Bull Smart Cards discloses a smart card system for allowing access to a company intranet
- The prior art <u>previously</u> made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- Moore et al disclose a system and method for providing prepaid services via an internet protocol and teach wherein a company has a intranet web site and provides prepaid services to its employees by accessing the intranet web site
- Barnier et al disclose an extranet architecture and further teach wherein subscribers may be provided with access to a private network and each subscribers configuration is determined by what applications the user or user's organization has subscribed to and wherein each subscriber may have its own intranet architecture coupling its various organizations which can be located at various geographic sites
- Vilhuber discloses a system for providing clients access to a network connections and assigns limited
 access privileges to the clients based upon user access information and further discloses connecting the
 user to the connection based upon user access information supplied from a token card
- Nordman discloses a secure access method for accessing a private IP network with a wireless host
- Vadlamani discloses prepaid fixed quantity access to web services
- Curtis discloses multi-media remote data access terminals for connecting a user to a corporate network for access to corporate e-mail, voice mail, schedules, etc.
- Tatham et al disclose a network based groupware system wherein a primary user configures an intranet workspace for various group member access.

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9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Hayes whose telephone number is (571)272-6708. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday from 5:30 to 3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jim Trammell, can be reached on (571)272-6712.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

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(703) 746-5531 [Informal/Draft communications, labeled "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"]

Hand delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 5, 2451 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, 7^{th floor receptionist.}

John W. Hayes Primary Examiner

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